Commentary

Transforming Dentistry with Lasers: Key Innovations, Advances and Implications

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DESCRIPTION

A dental laser is a focused beam of light energy that can be used for a wide variety of dental treatments. The word "laser" stands for Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation (LASER). Lasers in dentistry use different wavelengths of light, depending on the procedure and the type of tissue being treated. The two main types of dental lasers are:

Soft tissue lasers: Used for procedures involving soft tissues, such as gums, lips and cheeks. These lasers are ideal for changing the gums, treating periodontal disease and performing minor surgical procedures.

Hard tissue lasers: These lasers are effective on hard tissues like teeth and bone. They are most commonly used for cavity preparation, removing decayed tooth material and assisting in dental implant surgeries. Dental lasers offer many advantages over traditional dental tools, as they are minimally penetrating and capable of performing procedures with greater precision. Laser beams work by emitting light energy that interacts with different types of tissues in distinct ways. For example, lasers can either cut, vaporize or reshape the tissue depending on the treatment needed. The laser energy is absorbed by the tissue, which can either be removed or modified without disturbing surrounding healthy tissue. This precision is one of the main reasons dental lasers offer a less aggressive and more comfortable experience compared to traditional methods.

Applications of laser dentistry

Laser technology has transformed many aspects of dentistry by allowing for more precise, less painful and faster procedures. The following are some of the common dental applications of lasers.

Cavity detection and treatment: Lasers can be used to detect cavities in their earliest stages, sometimes before they are visible on X-rays. The high precision of lasers means that they can be used to remove decayed parts of a tooth without affecting

healthy tooth structure. Unlike traditional drilling, which can be uncomfortable, lasers are often less painful and require minimal anesthesia, especially for smaller cavities.

Gum disease treatment: Laser therapy is highly effective in the treatment of periodontal (gum) disease. In these procedures, lasers remove infected tissue and bacteria from the periodontal pockets (the areas between the gums and teeth). By promoting faster tissue regeneration and sterilizing the treated area, lasers can help to eliminate infection and reduce swelling. This results in quicker healing, less bleeding and a lower risk of further infection.

Soft tissue procedures: Laser dentistry is ideal for soft tissue procedures such as gum reshaping or contouring, frenectomy (removal of the frenulum, the piece of tissue under the tongue) and biopsies of abnormal tissue. Lasers allow for precise cutting, which results in less bleeding and a quicker recovery time compared to traditional surgical methods. Soft tissue lasers are also commonly used to treat mouth ulcers, cold sores and canker sores, often relieving pain and inflammation faster than conventional treatments.

CONCLUSION

Laser dentistry has brought about significant advancements in the field of oral health care. From detecting cavities to treating gum disease, reshaping soft tissues and even performing cosmetic procedures, lasers offer precise, effective and minimally penetrating treatments. The benefits-such as reduced pain, faster healing and improved outcomes-make laser dentistry an attractive option for patients and dentists alike. As laser technology continues to evolve, it is expected to expand its role in dental care, offering even more innovative solutions to improve patients oral health and overall dental experiences.

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